

Strong oscillation (pumping)

(1)

$$Z(t) = 2Z_0 \cos \omega_0 t$$

2 modal modes

$$\mathcal{L} X(t) = \left\{ \frac{d^2}{dt^2} + 2\Gamma_1 \frac{d}{dt} + \omega_1^2 \right\} X(t) = \lambda Y(t) Z(t)$$

$$\mathcal{L} Y(t) = \left\{ \frac{d^2}{dt^2} + 2\Gamma_2 \frac{d}{dt} + \omega_2^2 \right\} Y(t) = \mu X(t) Z(t)$$

~~Real~~ $\lambda, \mu \equiv \text{Real} > 0$ assume $|\omega_1| \leq |\omega_2|$

Fourier transform

$$X(t), Y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} d\omega e^{-i\omega t} X(\omega), Y(\omega)$$

$$[\omega^2 - \omega_1^2 + 2i\Gamma_1 \omega] X(\omega) + \lambda Z_0 [Y(\omega - \omega_0) + Y(\omega + \omega_0)] = 0$$

$$[\omega^2 - \omega_2^2 + 2i\Gamma_2 \omega] Y(\omega) + \mu Z_0 [X(\omega - \omega_0) + X(\omega + \omega_0)] = 0$$

Let $\omega_0 \approx \omega_1 + \omega_2$ Re $\omega \approx \omega_1$ ($\omega = x + iy$)

$X(\omega) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} Y(\omega - \omega_0) \\ Y(\omega + \omega_0) \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} X(\omega - 2\omega_0) \\ X(\omega) \\ X(\omega + 2\omega_0) \end{array}$
- out of resonance

$$\left| \begin{array}{ccc} [\omega^2 - \omega_1^2 + 2i\Gamma_1 \omega] & \lambda Z_0 & \lambda Z_0 \\ \mu Z_0 & [(\omega - \omega_0)^2 - \omega_2^2 + 2i\Gamma_2 (\omega - \omega_0)] & 0 \\ \mu Z_0 & 0 & [(\omega + \omega_0)^2 - \omega_2^2 + 2i\Gamma_2 (\omega + \omega_0)] \end{array} \right| = 0$$

2 cases

(2)

a) $|\omega_1| \neq |\omega_2|$

$\gamma(\omega + \omega_0)$ out of resonance $\omega + \omega_0 \approx \omega_2 + 2\omega_1$

2x2 matrix
difference eq.

$$[\omega - \omega_1 + i\Gamma_1] [\omega - \omega_0 + \omega_2 + i\Gamma_2] + \frac{\lambda \mu Z_0^2}{4\omega_1 \omega_2} = 0$$

frequency mismatch $\Delta = \omega_0 - \omega_1 - \omega_2$

nonnormalized incident power $K = \lambda \mu Z_0^2$

$$\omega = x + iy$$

$$(y + \Gamma_1)(y + \Gamma_2) \left\{ 1 + \frac{\Delta^2}{(2y + \Gamma_1 + \Gamma_2)^2} \right\} = \frac{K}{4\omega_1 \omega_2}$$

lowest threshold for $\Delta = 0$

$$K_T = 4\omega_1 \omega_2 \Gamma_1 \Gamma_2 = K_m$$

$$K_T(\Delta) = K_m \left\{ 1 + \frac{\Delta^2}{(\Gamma_1 + \Gamma_2)^2} \right\}$$

at threshold $x = \omega_1 + \frac{\Gamma_1}{\Gamma_1 + \Gamma_2} \Delta$

valid for

$K \gg K_T$

$$y = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{K}{\omega_1 \omega_2} - \Delta^2}$$

$$x = \omega_1 + \frac{\Delta}{2}$$

b) $|\omega_1| \ll |\omega_2|$

$\gamma(\omega + \omega_0)$ also in resonance

two branches

a) $\omega = iy$ aperiodic instability only for $\omega_0 < \omega_2$

b) $\omega = x + iy$ instability only for $\omega_0 > \omega_2$

if $\omega_1^2 \gg \Gamma_1 \Gamma_2 \Rightarrow x \approx \omega_1$

$\omega_1^2 \ll \Gamma_1 \Gamma_2 \Rightarrow x = \text{of}(\Gamma_1 \Gamma_2)$